

2021

Correction to: Navigate: A study protocol for a randomised controlled trial of an online treatment decision aid for men with low-risk prostate cancer and their partners

Penelope Schofield

Karla Gough

Amelia Hyatt

Alan White

Mark Frydenberg

See next page for additional authors

Follow this and additional works at: <https://ro.ecu.edu.au/ecuworkspost2013>



Part of the [Health Information Technology Commons](#), and the [Public Health Commons](#)

[10.1186/s13063-021-05070-6](https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-021-05070-6)

Schofield, P., Gough, K., Hyatt, A., White, A., Frydenberg, M., Chambers, S., ... Juraskova, I. (2021). Correction to: Navigate: A study protocol for a randomised controlled trial of an online treatment decision aid for men with low-risk prostate cancer and their partners. *Trials*, 22(97). <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-021-05070-6>

This Journal Article is posted at Research Online.

<https://ro.ecu.edu.au/ecuworkspost2013/9740>

Authors

Penelope Schofield, Karla Gough, Amelia Hyatt, Alan White, Mark Frydenberg, Suzanne Chambers, Louisa G. Gordon, Robert Gardiner, Declan G. Murphy, Lawrence Cavedon, Natalie Richards, Barbara Murphy, Stephen Quinn, and Ilona Juraskova

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction to: Navigate: a study protocol for a randomised controlled trial of an online treatment decision aid for men with low-risk prostate cancer and their partners

Penelope Schofield^{1,2,3,4*}, Karla Gough^{2,5}, Amelia Hyatt², Alan White², Mark Frydenberg^{6,7}, Suzanne Chambers^{8,9,10,11}, Louisa G. Gordon^{12,13,14}, Robert Gardiner^{15,16}, Declan G. Murphy^{3,17}, Lawrence Cavedon¹⁸, Natalie Richards², Barbara Murphy^{19,20}, Stephen Quinn²¹ and Ilona Juraskova²²

Correction to: *Trials* 22, 49 (2021)

<https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-020-04986-9>

Following publication of the original article [1], we were notified of a typo in the spelling of the 10th author name, originally spelt as “Cavdon” instead of “Cavedon” (i.e., missing “e”).

The original article has been corrected.

Author details

¹Department of Psychology, Swinburne University of Technology, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. ²Behavioural Science Unit, Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. ³Sir Peter MacCallum Department of Oncology, The University of Melbourne, Parkville, Victoria, Australia. ⁴Swinburne University of Technology, John Street, Hawthorn, Australia. ⁵Department of Nursing, The University of Melbourne, Parkville, Victoria, Australia. ⁶Department of Urology, Cabrini Institute, Cabrini Health, Malvern, Australia. ⁷Department of Surgery, Monash University, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. ⁸Faculty of Health, University of Technology Sydney, Sydney, Australia. ⁹Health and Wellness Institute, Edith Cowan University, Perth, Australia. ¹⁰Institute for Resilient Regions, University of Southern Queensland, Springfield, Australia. ¹¹Menzies Health Institute Queensland, Griffith University, Southport, Australia. ¹²Population Health Department, Health Economics, QIMR Berghofer Medical Research Institute, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia. ¹³School of Nursing, Queensland University of Technology (QUT), Brisbane, Queensland, Australia. ¹⁴School of Public Health, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia. ¹⁵School of Medicine, University

of Queensland, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia. ¹⁶Department of Urology, Royal Brisbane & Women’s Hospital, Herston, Queensland, Australia. ¹⁷Division of Cancer Surgery, Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. ¹⁸School of Science, RMIT University, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. ¹⁹Department of Psychology, The University of Melbourne, Parkville, Victoria, Australia. ²⁰Faculty of Health, Deakin University, Bundoora, Victoria, Australia. ²¹Department of Health Science and Biostatistics, Swinburne University of Technology, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. ²²School of Psychology, Faculty of Science, Centre for Medical Psychology and Evidence-based Decision-making (CeMPED), University of Sydney, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

Published online: 27 January 2021

Reference

1. Schofield, et al. Navigate: a study protocol for a randomised controlled trial of an online treatment decision aid for men with low-risk prostate cancer and their partners. *Trials*. 2021;22:49. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-020-04986-9>.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-020-04986-9>.

* Correspondence: pschofield@swin.edu.au; navigate@petermac.org

¹Department of Psychology, Swinburne University of Technology, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

²Behavioural Science Unit, Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



© The Author(s). 2021 **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.